

Managara of the office of the



Durings by Dispersion places the enterior

nete substituted by tho. Newcould, the

St Jude Vers. 22, 23.

that they may hot deep feeted in their firs, I

d redering

And of some have compassion, making a difference: And others save with fear, pulling them out of the fire; bating even the garment spotted by the flesh.

He Man whose Soul is once Effectually wrought upon by the Spirit of Grace, bestowes his first and chief care in pursuit of Salvation; for he then sees how deep, how

in throughly convinced of the manifold danger of every particular Iniquity; in as much, as it puts a man into a state of Enmity against God, and his Laws, and so worketh death, and that Rom. 7.13. eternal: and therefore he cannot rest, until he be resolved of that Important Quære, which was started by the Pagan Jaylor to Paul and Silas, Sirs, What must I do to be saw'd? And, being converted himself, he becomes very sollicitous (as S. Peter was commanded to be) for the Ink. 22. 32. strengthening of his Brethren; and, doth what in him lies, to rouze them out of their Sensuality, that

Verf. 1.

that they may not sleep securely in their sins, till Eternal Flames become their first awakners.

This is indeed a Catholick and comprehenfive Duty, and directed accordingly as this Epistle is, Omnibus Christi fidelibus, To all that are Sanctified by God the Father: But, because that which is every Man's work, is no Man's work; as God fent his Angel to bring Lot out of Sodome, and conduct him to Zear, fo, that you might never want Men to guide you to the City of Refuge, when the Avenger pursues you, God hath committed to us the Care of your Souls, and given us Commission to invite you to be Reconciled to him, and to Accept of that Everlasting Entertainment which he hath provided for you; and, rather than fail, to Compel you to come in to his Mansions of Glory.

And, because we shall meet with men in the World of as different tempers, as complexions, he hath also given us sufficient Instructions, how to demeane our selves towards them; bids us, not serve all our Patients out of the same Box; but, like skilful Physitians, apply different Medicines according to the difference of their Maladies; to manage the Word of God, and our Ministery of Reconciliation; with such

Spi-

Spiritual Skil, and Wisdome, as to give every one his proper portion. Some mens hearts are like soft Wax, the heat of the band will make them yield, without that of the fire; a gentle Admonition will prevail more with them, than a dreadful Commination; they have ingenity enough to be sham'd out of their sins upon the least discovery; Others, are so hardned in their Villanies, that they must be star'd, or whipt out of them, as the buyers and sellers were out of the Temple, before they will leave them; they, who sin out of Insirmity, may be won with gentle meanes, but Obstinate Offenders are to be humbled with terrors.

Every man has his Ignorances and Inadvertencies; his Mistakes and Errors; Infirmities and Indiscretions; in any of which, if he be at any time overtaken, or sin out of blind zeale, you must neither infult over his fall, not despair of his rising, but restore him with meekness; for, he sins, not by Design, but Folly; he falls, not by Malice, but by Surprize; not by the Strength of his Will, but by the Frailty of his Nature: if he be wavering and unsteady in the Fairh, you must recover him with mildness; and, if his fault be small, cover it with the vaile of pitty and compassion, and

6

and nie gentle means to cure him: But yet make a difference, if you meet with men, whose Distempers are Inveterate, and Incorporated into their Natures by Evil Customes, your Remedies must be Sharp and quick; if their fin be bold, your reprehension must not be bashful: The Chirurgion must bring the Saw and the Costicke to such Gangren'd Members, proclaim the Terrors of the Lord to them, who Heb. 10.16. will not stand in awe, but fin wilfully, after they have received the knowledge of the truth; sheath the Two-edged fword of God's Word in their bowels; give them a prospect of the approaching destruction, which will suddenly overtake them, if they do not fly for their lives, suffer them not to look upon the wrath to come, at the wrong end of the Prospective-glas; but, knowing the terrors of the Lord, use an holy violence, and fnatch them rudely out of that Fire, which will Singe them, if they stay but a minute in it, and will Devour them, if their continuance be any thing longer, and bring them (if it be possible) to the hatred of all the beginnings, and leaft degrees of Impurity and Uncleanness; make them so afraid of the Infection of Fleshly lusts, as to avoid the very garments that are spotted with it : If private Admonitions

nitions do not Reclaim them, proceed to publick; and rather than not pull them out of the Ts spey Flames of Hell, Cut them off from the Commu- wixede nion of the faithful, and deliver them up to Satan, to which the Tes wer extracte stampeoples refers, & exquisit Reprove them sharply, when they are Convinc'd, or Separated by Church-Censures; when they are debarr'd from fitting at their Father's Table with the rest of their Brethren, which (although they may be an instance of Severe Discipline) are yet with designs of great merey (the most dreadful of them being Medecinal, not Mortal) that, by punishment of the Flelb, the Soul may be faved in the day of the Lord: And of some have compassion, making a difference: And others fave with fear, pulling them out of the fire; hating even the garment spotted by the flest.

These words may possibly have an eye to Church Discipline, and be intended as a Direction to the Governors of the Church, for the Exercising, not only of the milder part of the Apostolical Office, but also of those higher degrees of Censures (call'd, The coming with a Rod) which, in case of Obstinacy, is not only Seasonable, but Unavoidable: But, I shall rather consider them at present, either as they

concern:

concern our selves in the Actions of Repentance, or our bretbren in those of Fraternal Correction, and fo may Instruct all men, but elpecially us of the Clergy, how to behave our felves towards all, even the worst of recoverable Sinners.

Now, as our Patients and their Distempers are different, so must also our Prescriptions and Directions be; a Green wound and an Ulcer are not to be Gured with the same Applicati-And, that I may make no other difference but what our Apostle himself bath done. nor be tempted to forfake the Scope and Method of my Text, I shall distinctly fort what I have to fay, into a Practical Relolution of thefe Four Inquiries.

> I. Of whom it is that we are to have Compassion, and with what difference? How that compassion is to be express'd and exercis'd?

II. How far we may be instrumental to the Salvation of others? and with what fear and caution we must attempt Seinsonable, but Vanvoidable : But 10 rather confider them at preferr, either as they

out of the fire? What that Phrase implyes, and what it requires of us?

IV. What is meant by Hating the garment spotted by the flesh and, how it is our Interest, as well as our Duty, to do so.

I. Of some have compassion. This noble and generous affection of Compassion, is to Efsential to a Man, so riveted to his very Being, and implanted in his Nature, that, unless he degenerate from his Humanity, he cannot observe, but he must also condole the Calamities of his Neighbours, out of that relation which he bears to the species of Mankind; and, by how much the more noble any man is, by fo much is he the more compassionate; and, as all Natural perfections and excellencies are improv'd by Religion, so this especially, and that Spiritual consanguinity which arises from our Christianity, must needs make us suffer by way of consent and sympathy with our fellow Christians, especially when they groan under the burden of their Sins, which of all Loades is the greatest.

So great a lover of Mankind was our bleffed Saviour, that he could not, but with wet eyes, behold the present Sins and Future Sufferings, no not of his most inveterate Enemies. Nor is he a Living Member of that Body, of which Christ is the Head, who doth not grieve for the Afflictions of Joseph, and mourn over the Sins of his brethren. Would it not make your hearts ake, to see your Neighbours Houfes on fire about their eares, and them fast afleep in their beds? And, if you have the least spark of Christianity or Compassion in your brefts, How can your Souls choose but be moved within you, to see them falling insensibly. into those everlasting slames, out of which ther will be no redemption? This is not only a most necessary Charity to our brethrens Souls, but such a Christian Duty, as makes it an Act of Righteousness too, for we are members one of another; nor hath Christ given us any bill of divorce, whereby we are separated from the care of our Neighbours, whom we are to love as our felves. A man truly ingrafted into Christ is therefore a common blessing, of a Communicative Spirit, his large heart is alwayes fee upon doing publick good, a duty which hath been so long out of fashion, that men begin to question Whether it be a duty or not? their lives do at least speak the same Language which Cain did with his lips, Am I my brothers keeper? and, Where shall we find Gen. 4. 9. a man of St. Bernard's temper? who thought himself concerned, wheresoever God or his brethren were so? Etsi non tanti sum nt Ro- Epist. ad ma habeam propria negotia, nulla tamen qua Dei Cancellar.

esse constiterit, a me duco aliena.

If ever bowels of compassion were fit to put on, it is in this wicked age of ours, and 'tis indeed for want of being mindful of our own, that we become so regardless of other mens concerns; for Compassion is first learn'd at home, and then walkes abroad. I must first take my brother into my self, before I can pity him as I ought, and having felt the anguish of a broken Spirit in my self, I cannot chose but pity it in another: When my bones are burnt as an hearth, Pfal. 102.3. and I have felt the scorebing flames of sin in my own bosome, I shall easily think my self concern'd, to fnatch my brother out of that fire; having been deeply affected with the guilt of mine own iniquities, I shall be quickly invited to let my compassionate Soul, go through this present evil World, as through an Hospital or Bedlam, and into whatfoever corner I cast mine

B 2

eyes,

eyes, I shall behold great objects of pitty, and be constrained to weep for them, who have not so much sense of their misery as to weep for themselves.

When we behold men rock'd asleep in the Cradle of Security, and never dreaming of Heaven or Hell, of Death or Judgment, but Courting their Miseries, and Embracing their approaching ruine, as if they had combin'd to drive on the interest, and get possession of the Kingdom of Satan; when we see some groaping in the dark, others taking great care and pains to blow out the light which would discover happiness to them, Men Sick of Mortal Diseases, and yet like the drunken Lapitha, despising their Physitians; so desperately tainted with impurity, that, like Sodom and Gomorrah, nothing but fire from heaven can be applyed to them; when we see how near their short-liv'd happiness is expiring, and how suddenly their imaginary pleasures will be exchang'd into reall and eternal torments, What can'we do less, and indeed, what can we do more than bewaile them? Nunquid in te sunt viscera pietatis, qui plangis corpus a quo recessit anima, on non plangis animam a qua recessit Deus? Will pitty move you to bewaile that Body from whence the

St. Bern.

the Soul is departed, and piety not constrain you to lament that Soul, from whence God is departed? He, who hath any bowels of compassion in him, must needs be affected with such a dismal spectacle, and express his deep sense of it, and sorrow for it; not only in the melting of his fluent eyes, and the yearnings of his bowels; but also in such an active compassion, and in such serious attempts, as may relieve and restore them.

Having therefore the Nature of the Crime, the Fitness of the Season, and, the Quality of the Person offending, alwayes before our eyes, let us come to him, in the cool of the day, and invite him to take cognizance and compassion of him self; least he ride post into Hell for want of one to stop him; and, that he may not have cause to say, you come to cast out Satan by Satan, one Devil by another; be sure to doit with fuch a composed spirit, as besits so compassionate and Divine a work: The sharp severity of a diseased mind, will rather spur bim on, in the career of his Crimes, than restrain him; rather make him fly out with more speed and violence, than moderate or amend him; and therefore let us not through pride, or animosity, out of an itch of Government, or the indignation

dignation of an angry mind, run beyond the gentleness of Christian Monitors (unto which if they hearken, we have won our brethren) but, if they will obstinately perist, after all our care and compassion, we shall save our selves, because we would have saved them: We may lose our Labour, but we shall not lose our Charity, if after we have forewarned them of the danger, they will yet make so mad a choice as to take Hell by violence, their obstinacy is unpardonable, and we must sit down and bemoan our unsuccessful indeavours. Miseremini condolendo quod non potestis eos salvare.

Gloss.

I Cor. 2.14.

Alas the Natural Man perceiveth not the things of the spirit of God, for they are foolighness to him; neither can be know them, be cause they are Spiritually discern'd: But he that is Spiritual judgeth all things: He sees by Faith the Heaven, which you neglect, and those Blessed Souls now in Glory, whose everlasting Companions you might be if you pleas'd; and he sees also your Brethrens despairing Souls now in Hell, among those Devils that deceived them, who came thither the same way, you are going in; and with his bodily Eyes, doth he also see at the same time a multitude of senless and sensual Sinners living round about

about him, who lay none of these things to heart, but damne and defile not only their own, but their Brethrens Souls by their Errors, Seductions, and Ungodly Examples, as if they were the Devils Factors, under Com. mission from him to make Proselytes for Hell, and accordingly he cannot but compassionate their sad condition, and wonder at their Stupidity. Oh! What a beforting thing is Sin, which can thus petrify the reasonable Soul, and make Men more insensible than Beasts which Perish? What a Bedlam is this wicked World, wherein thousands are so distracted as to make it their business to undo themselves and others to all Eternity? Can we not bring you to some fober thoughts of your condition? Can we not perswade you to take Christ's part, and your own against the Devil, the World, and the Flesh, which you have renounced in your Baptisme? If importunity could prevail with an unrighteous Judge, to do good to another, how much more should it prevail with you to do good to your selves? Have mercy therefore upon your own Souls, and do not render it impossible for us to be any farther serviceable to them. God himself will not fave you against your Wills, much less can we do

do it; which will the better appear, when I shall have given you a fatisfactory answer to the

fecond Inquiry, viz.

2. How far we may be instrumental to the Salvation of other Men? and with what fear and caution we must attempt it? As there is no good fo great, as that which respects the Souls of Men; so certainly, to be a fellowworker with Christ, as an Agent in it, or Instrument of it, must needs out-vie all other Priviledges: And, if the Heathens mistook Paul and Barnabas for Gods in the likeness of Men, for restoring the Criple of Lystra to his limbs again; with much better reason, may we magnifie them, who have so much communion with God upon earth, as to become coadjutors with him in the Salvation of a Soul from Sin. Divingrum omnium perfectionum divinissima est perfectio, cooperatorem esse, in reductione animarum ad suum creatorem. Now God hath given all men fome special powers and Ministries, whereby they may Charitably advance the great interest 1 Cor.7. 16. of Souls: St. Paul afferts the possibility of the Christian wives saving her unbelieving hus-1 Tim. 4. 16. band, and he tells Timothy, that in taking beed

Dionys.

to bimself and bis Doctrine, be sould both fave himself and them that heard him; and he him-

felf

self became all things to all men, that he might by 1 Cor. 9.22 all means save some; And, the Salvation of a Soul from death, is attributed to the Instruments of their Conversion, by St. James, to persuade them to diligence in their Office: Save them; that is, Quantum in vobis est, ut salventur orate. Pray tor their Conversion, and, if Aquin. by any means you can, provoke them to emula-Rom. 11.14. tion, bring them to Faith and Repentance, that

you may fave them.

Alas! it is God alone who can pierce the scales of this Leviathan, and make the hearts of obdurate Sinners feel, which are harder than the nether milstone. We are but as Striplings against that Goliah: Our Commission is indeed from the Almighty, and in his Name we are come forth to wrestle, not with flesh and blood, but with Principalities and Powers, and the Rulers of the darkness of this world; and, it is our God who must choose out the stones that we sling, and carry them to the mark, and make them fink, not into the forehead, but into the bearts of these uncircumcised Philistins, and smite them to the ground, that, with Saul, they may get strength by their very falls. We can but Woo, and Warn you, we cannot compel you to be happy, I wish we could. A Medico & Pa- cornel. a

fore Lapide.

flore requiritur cara, non curatio; utpote cum morbus non raro fit incurabilis. If you willfollow our Prescriptions, your diseases are not incurable; have pity therefore on your perishing Souls, and close with the present overtures of Mercy: God hath sent us to you, as he did his Holy Angel to Lot, to lay the Merciful Hands of an Holy Violence upon you, that you may not stay any longer in your fins, but escape for your lives, least you be consumed: If you are afraid of these ensuing Judgments, we are afraid with you; if not, we are afraid for you, and we are the more afraid for you, the less you are for your selves; our flesh trembles for fear of you, and we are afraid of God's Judgments. 'Tis with an aking beart, and trembling band, that the Chirnrgion cuts off the Gangren'd Member of his bosom Friend; and, it is also with great compassion, and no less fear, that we endeavor to recover you out of that fire, which will singe you, if you stay but one moment longer in it, and devour you as infallibly, if you do not, whilft it is called to day, efcape it; the great importance and difficulty of which undertaking of yours, will appear, if you confider in the third place;

Pfal. 119,

III. What is meant, by Pulling them out of the fire, and how we must do it? What the phrase implies, and what it requires of us? Extended implies, and what it requires of us? Extended implies. Save them by snatching in them out of the fire, is a Proverbial speech for those who get hardly out of danger, I have amos 4.11. overthrown some of you, as God overthrem Sodom and Gomorrah, and ye were as a fire-brand pluck'd out of the burning: And, Is not this a zac. 3.2. brand pluckt out of the fire? He himself shall be a cor. 3.18. saved, yet so as by fire; That is, he shall awake and leap out of danger, as a man at midnight doth naked out of his bed, at the door or window, when his house is on fire; which words do accordingly import these Four things.

- I. The great danger of Impenitent
 - 2. The possibility of their Delive-
 - 3. The difficulty of escaping their immanent and Everlasting Destruction.
 - 4. By what meanes it is, that we may Charitably affift them in their escape? and which will be the only possible way of doing it?

2 I. The

1. The condition of every impendent sinner is very desperate, and his danger greater than Mat. 5.22. we can possibly imagine; for, he is not only in danger of the Judgment, or of the Council, but also of Hell-fire, which is alwayes inkindled even in this life; here it burnes inwardly, but there it blazes out. When we confider with what variety of Temptations, the Devil strives to beguile you, how many designs and stratagems he hath laid in the World to undermine and enfnare you; and, that if all the powers of darkness can hinder it, we shall never difintangle you out of his snares: and, when we see you live so securely, as if your pretions Souls were already bound up in the bundle of life, even when they are ready to drop ifrecoverably into Hell; and when you prepare no more to meet God, whilst in wrath he scems to approach you, than if you cared not whether he came or no; Your loose and dissolute, your sinful and secure courses, do Evidently shew, that there is no fear of God before your eyes. Sampson, for all his strength and stoutness, durst not lie still, when he heard that the Philistins were come upon him: Where there is an apprehension of some great Evil impendent, there cannot but be a great measure of Fear, and

and where so great sear, there no less vehement desire to escape, and where there is such a vehement desire, there will be a most earnest and careful endeavor of preventing (if by any means it may be) of that evil: But when none of these appear, but men go on considertly in their evil wayes, as if there were no danger of their Damnation; it concerns us to try, if we can shake this their carnal considerce, which is sounded upon Absurdity, Impossibility and Blasphemy, and is not in Christ, but against him: as if they took him for a False Prophet, and his Dennnciations of suture Judgments for meer Delnsions.

So servilely disingemnons is our corrupt nature, that the proposal of Rewards, though never so great, doth, in no proportion, lead us so forcibly to our Interest and Duty, as do the Threats and Menaces of Punishment; and therefore God is far more obliging to us in the severest of his Temporal Judgments, than he would be in his Mercies; we being a People whom Vengeance only can reclaim; whom nothing but Terrors can allure to Goodness; and, who need some present slashes of Hell-sire to scare us from embracing those Future and Everlasting Flames. Least therefore, the messenger

of death should hurry you away in the heat and violence of your fins, & there be none to deliver you from the worm that dieth not, othe fire which is not quenched; we who watch for your souls, are to do what we can to startle you into the amendment of your lives. And Oh that I could but uncover the face of the deep and devouring gulph of Tophet in all its terrors, and open the grate of that infernal Furnace; for if you had but any the least degree of Spiritual life or sense in you, (and the light which is in you were not darkness) you could not look into Hell by a present Contemplation, but you would make it the grand design of your lives to escape the falling into it, by a future Condemnation. Hide not your selves from your own Souls, and they will tell you, that there is but yet a step between you and Hell: But if you are Obstinatiad moriendum, sturdily resolved not to understand your misery and danger, till it be past prevention, there is an end of all our hopes concerning you. If you have the reason and understanding of men, you will not dare to leap into the bottomless Pit with your eyes open, nor to dally with the vengeance of the Almighty. Will you fit still till the Tide come in, and then harden your selves with a vain conceit,

conceit, that you shall escape drowning? If we cannot undeceive you, the King of Terrors shortly wil; for when Death Strikes its dart through your Liver, it will let out your Souls and Hopes together into the amazing gulph of endless desperation. We dare not therefore danb your Consciences with such untempered morter, as to flatter you into a fatal opinion of the safety of your condition; but think, we oblige you most, when we shew you, how dear your sins are like to cost you; in which, if we have terrified you to purpose, with the just apprehension of the manifold danger you are in, whilst you continue in a state of impenitency, your Humiliation will be matter of rejoycing tous; and in the depth of your forrow and anguish of spirit, we can safely administer this Cordial to revive you.

2. That though your danger be great and imminent, yet there is still, by Gods mercy, a possibility of your deliverance out of it. Were you shut up in everlasting misery, without remedy, we would not come to torment you before your time; but, thanks be to God (whose mercy is over all his works) your case is not yet so desperate, but that you may be everlastingly safe, if you please. 'Tis too true, that you are already.

already in the fire; your courses are as dangerous and destructive as the fire; you are in incendie libidinis & obscanitatis; you burn in your lusts one towards another, but you may. be faved for all that; God wills not the death of a sinner, though the flames of Hell have fing'd bis garments that were spotted by the flest, and taken hold of the bairs of his head, yet God fincerely defires, that he may be refcued from damnation; though he be gone beyond all the methods and revelations of his mercy, and run into the horrible impieties of Impudence, Apostacy, and Ingratitude; yet if be will, even now at last, withdraw his feet from thole pathes that lead to destruction; or if we can snatch, or force him from the brink of bottomless Pit, he is not yet out of the power and possibilities of recovering from those Everlasting burnings : He fball suffer loss, but he 1 Cor.3.15. may be faved, yet so as by fire. If men will leave their fins whilst it is called to day, Gods Judgments will also leave them; for their iniquities pass on to eternal flames onely by the train of impenitence, nor can they ever cast them into Hell, if they repent of them timely and effectually; which, that none of us may. be tempted to procrastinate, as if there were

no danger of our delay, but hasten to fly from the wrath to come, whilft it is yet to come, let

us observe in the third place,

3. The difficulty of escaping this their imininent and everlasting destruction: Their Pardon, as well as themselves, must be fetched out of the fire. They perhaps may fee no danger in their condition, and as if, like Salamanders, they were in their proper Element, may be difpleased at those who would pluck them out of the fire; but we must tell them, that they are lost and undone for ever, except they be renewed by the power of God; nay, 'cis a miraculous Grace, and an extraordinary change, which must turn the current stream of their iniquity, and their salvation must be wrought out with infinite fear and trembling; nor is there any entrance for them into Heaven, but by the Strait passage of a second birth; the blessed opportunity whereof if they do procrastinate, they may lose for ever. And therefore,

4. By what Means we may affilt them in this great work of their escaping, and what is the onely possible way to save them, is to be the most important inquiry of our whole lives, it being the greatest service we can do to God or them; and if I can either instruct or

quicken

quicken you in it, we shall both have abundant cause to bless God for so seasonable an un-

dertaking.

Now, first we must be earnest and importunate with our Perishing Brethren, as the Angelwas with Lot, and force them out of Sodome;
Admonish them with an holy vehemency to
fly for their lives, and to escape to the Mountain, least they be consum'd; pull them hastily,
and, with a charitable violence, out of their sins,
as a Mother doth her Child out of the fire,
when apprehensive of the danger.

Exercise aποθομώς, Use a sharp, quick, and cutting reprehension; our words must be as nailes driven to the bead, so as to be fastned and riveted in the Soul of a Sinner, and to destroy the

Beaft, that we may fave the Man.

Men must first be forced and fired out of themselves, or else they will never come to Christ: and, we are the servants of the most high God, who are sent to compel you to come high God, who are sent to compel you to come salvation. Our Commission and Instructions are to tell you, that if you would be saved from suffering, you must also be saved from sinning; your Lives and your Lusts cannot both be preserved: nor will it be sufficient that you forsake

Tolo wwg

of them must be destroyed: You must Crucifie the Old Man, and Mortifie every Iniquity which now reigneth in you; so, that unless you leave the Lap of Dalilah, and be Divorced from your Beloved Herodias, you cannot be saved. You must give up Every Traytor that is Harbour'd in your Bosome, or you cannot be at Peace with the King of Heaven. Your Right Hand must be cut off, and your Right Eye pulled out, if they stand in opposition to the Laws of Christ, whose Dominion you must chearfully submit to, to all intents and purposes, if ever you expect deliverance by him.

Let not therefore the Voice of your Confeience be drowned, through the Avocation of Senfual Pleasures, or the hurry of Worldly bufiness, or the noise and clamor of earthly Cares, Lusts, or Affections; but, give it leave to do its Office, and listen to what it Speaks here, least it Speak what you would not be willing to hear hereafter. Remember you stand now upon your Good behaviour for Eternity; and, such as your Present Choice is, will your Everlasting Condition be. I wish it were in my power to fright you into your wits, and to scare you into the way of Salvation. What

D 2

will

will you do when the Philistins are upon you? When the World shall take its last leave of you? When you must bid your Friends, Houles, and Lands; your Pleasures, Places and Preferments farewel for ever? and, when he who is now your Tempter, will prove your Tormenter? Can you dwell with everlasting burnings? Can you abide the consuming fire? if not, How can you perswade your selves to live any longer in such a Course of Life, every A& whereof is a step to Perdition? Unless you can perswade your selves, That, God's Compaspossion will Evacuate his Lames, and Frustrate all the Wise Designs of his Justice, you can Dreame of no way of Escaping. We are obliged, therefore, for your Sakes, to become Boanerges, Sons of Thunder; and, to shew you. not only the Greatness, but the Presentness of the Danger you are in; and, to let the Terrors of the Almighty continually before your eyes. Thus Nathan dealt with David, denouncing against him God's heavy Judgments; The Sword shall never depart from thy House: and, St. Paul delivered up the Incestuous person to Satan, for the destruction of the flesh, that his spirit might be faved; and thus did Jonah to the City of Niniveb, Tet Forty dayes and the City shall

2. Sam. 12,

1 Cor. 5.5.

Fonab 3.

be

be destroyed. Some spirits will not be kept out of the fire, but by casting them into it: Your terrifying them with the flames, will be a meansto keep them out of them: A showre of Spiritual Brimstone, such as God rained down upon Sodom in the Letter, is best for them; if you spare them, you destroy them. Some Men must be led to Heaven by the way of Hell: 'Tis a very desirable fear which is a means of pulling men out of the Fire. We are faved by Faith, as that receiveth and taketh hold of Christ; and, we are also saved by Fear, as that taketh hold of us, and drives us to Christ: By Faith we see, and apply our help in Christ; and, by fear, we are brought to see our need of his help. Thus is a good heart bettered, by all the Dispensations of God, as well by his Judgments, as his Mercies. If God speak death, it is an advantage to his Spiritual Life; and, he Mends upon his Threatnings, as well as his Promises. The Devils themselves believe and tremble; and, 'tis impossible for them to escape Hell, who come short of the Religion of such as are already there. Quanta damnatio est à damnatis damnari.

If therefore we can so humble men with Terrors, that they may be exalted in God's good time, rime, it will be the greatest kindness we can do them: Be the Means never so pungent and dreadful, the Severities never lo great; if they be by Experience found necessary, for the prevention of greater Mischiefs, they are to be thankfully receiv'd, as Tokens of the fincerest Friendship: Faithful are the wounds of a friend, but the kiffes of an enemy are deceitful. If my Companion be falling into the Fire, or from a Precipice, and I, in fnatching him back, put his Arme out of joynt; VVould he call his escape, An unkind Deliverance, because it cost him fome pain? Physitians must not be moved at the Rage, or Revilings of their distempered Patients; but, resolve to do and suffer the utmost, before they give them over : and so must we do, and suffer any thing (but Sin) to save a Soul from death; we must Prescribe Men that, which may be best for their Health, how Ill soever they may take it.

But, if we cannot rescue you out of those Flames, nor impose the Kingdom of Heaven upon you, by such an holy violence; we must necessarily leave you under greater Guilt than we found you; and, your Paines will be increased even for the loss of ours: It will be a great part of your Hell, to think, What Paines, and Pati-

ence, we wfed, to fave you from it, and all in vain: How Scornfully you have refused our Calls, and Rejected our Importunities? You cannot take a more certain course to destroy your selves, and disoblige us, than to turn our Compasfron into Complaints, and to force us from interceding for, and with you, to accuse, and witness against you; that, when we had Invited you to the Marriage Feast, with all the Earnestness imaginable, you would not be Courted; no; nor Compell'd'to come in. God, and your own Consciences, will one day tell you, and all the World, what Overtures of Mercy have been made you, and how plainly, and frequently you have been foremarned of the evil day; when, with Muitless Cries, and Horror, you shall befeech, too late, for those Opportunities of Grace, which you have so long despised. Now, that it may never be your doom, thus sturdily to cast away your selves, Consider, whilst it is called to day, how much it is your Interest, as well as your Duty, to hate the very garment spotted by the flesh: The Explication of which phrase, is the last thing promised, and that which may serve for the Application of the Text.

4. Hating the very garment spotted by the flesh. 'Tis a Proverbial speech; whereby is fignified, the abhorrency which we ought to have, of any the least degree of Uncleanness, in allusion to the prohibited, and unclean gar-

Lev. 13.47. ments of the Leprous person; looking diligent. ly, least any root of bitterness springing up trouble

you, and thereby many be defiled: Putting off the old man with his deeds; that is, all evil Af-

fections, and separating our selves from those filthy dreames that defile the flesh. Deal not

with them as Companions, but Physitians; beware of catching that Infection which you

come to Cure: Draw them out of the Fire, if

you can; but, let them not pull you in too.

Et intuentes in tegumento suo maculam scortationis suæ. The Gnosticks defil'd, not only their Manners and Actions, but also their very Garments; and, I wish I could say, that, This Age were not stain'd with that, or a greater Uncleanness. When Christ arose from the Dead, be left his winding sheet behind him; and so, in the Spiritual Resurrection, must we leave the garments of the old man behind us. Odio habentes, non folum turpia facta carnis, sed etiam quicquid ullo modo ad turpitudinem pertinet. Abstain from all appearance of evil; from whatsoever

hath

-Atb

Verf. 8.

hath a shew of it, and is liable to misconstructi- 1 Thes. 5. on; not only from the Crime it felf, but from every instrument of it, from every path which leads to it; from all Incentives, Occasions, and Inducements, from whatfoever may begin, or promote; because all these things are of the same Nature with it. Some few there were, even in Sardis, who had not defiled their gar- Rev. 3. 45 ments: and, I hope, there are some few among us, who have escap'd the Pollutions of this world, through the knowledge of our Saviour; and, who Live like Men, who are Satisfied, That they must live to all Eternity: And, the less appearance there is of a General Innocence, or a Publick Reformation among us, the more doth it concern every private Man, to wash his hands in innocency, or his heart in Penitential Teares, because, it may be, God will Save the whole: Nation for the Repentance of a few; he may hear the Prayers of Ten for a City, though the Generality of them should remain Unreformed: All his fellow-passengers lives were bestowed upon St. Paul; Sodom had been faved if Ten Penitents had been in it; and Hierusalem, if but One: Or, if the Lord be so peremptorily bent, to bring in such a General Judgment, that, though Moses, or Samuel; though Noab, Daniel

Daniel or Job were among them, they should not prevail for the faving of others, yet at least we should fave our own Souls alive : Especially, if we left our Sins out of perfect batred, before they left us. The Old man may be forry, that he cannot be Young; and, the Sick Man, that he cannot Revel as his Companions; but, it is not a Principle of Conscience which makes either of them for fake their Hebitual Sins; nor do they hate them, as Men Thoroughly Convinced of the manifold danger of every Particular Iniquity must needs do. Lastly, Let us not put it off till to morrow; for, we know not where the next night may lodge us; but confider, The Hourly Poffibilities of Death: and, The Succeeding State of Torment, which will Revenge, with most Severe Inflictions, the few minutes of our Reprieve; then shall we endeavor our Own, and Other mens Salvation with fear and compassion, and be follicitous to pull them and our felves out of the fire; and let all who shall make an Inspection into our Lives, see, That we hate even the garment spotted by the flesh: and, That we are led by the boly Spirit of God, in that Good Old Way, which leads to Life, and that Eternal.

I shall Close this Discourse, as our Apostle Pers. 24. does this Epistle. Now unto him, who is able to keep us from falling, and to present us faultless before the Presence of his Glory with exceeding joy, to the only wife God our Saviour, be Glory and Majesty, Dominion and Power, now, and ever, Amen.